

1 **H. B. 4317**

2
3 (By Delegates Swartzmiller, M. Poling, Hall,
4 Skaff and Lawrence)

5 [Introduced January 26, 2012; referred to the
6 Committee on the Judiciary then Finance.]

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10 A BILL to amend and reenact §27-5-1, §27-5-2 and §27-5-4 of the
11 Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to
12 mentally ill persons; involuntary hospitalization; duties of
13 sheriff; including the President of the West Virginia
14 Sheriffs' Association in the development and proposal of a
15 statewide system for evaluation and adjudication of mental
16 hygiene petitions; and providing that the Department of Health
17 and Human Resources shall reimburse the county commission for
18 deposit into the sheriff's budget for expenses incurred in
19 hearings conducted under the article.

20 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

21 That §27-5-1, §27-5-2 and §27-5-4 of the Code of West
22 Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read
23 as follows:

24 **ARTICLE 5. INVOLUNTARY HOSPITALIZATION.**

25 **§27-5-1. Appointment of mental hygiene commissioner; duties of**

1 **mental hygiene commissioner; duties of prosecuting**
2 **attorney; duties of sheriff; duties of Supreme Court**
3 **of Appeals; use of certified municipal law-enforcement**
4 **officers.**

5 (a) *Appointment of mental hygiene commissioners.* -- The chief
6 judge in each judicial circuit of this state shall appoint a
7 competent attorney and may, if necessary, appoint additional
8 attorneys to serve as mental hygiene commissioners to preside over
9 involuntary hospitalization hearings. Mental hygiene commissioners
10 shall be persons of good moral character and of standing in their
11 profession and they shall, before assuming the duties of ~~such a~~
12 commissioner, take the oath required of other special commissioners
13 as provided in article one, chapter six of this code.

14 All persons newly appointed to serve as mental hygiene
15 commissioners shall attend and complete an orientation course,
16 within one year of their appointment, consisting of at least three
17 days of training provided annually by the Supreme Court of Appeals.
18 In addition, existing mental hygiene commissioners and any
19 magistrates designated by the chief judge of a judicial circuit to
20 hold probable cause and emergency detention hearings involving
21 involuntary hospitalization shall attend and complete a course
22 provided by the Supreme Court of Appeals, which course shall
23 include, but not be limited to, instruction on the manifestations
24 of mental illness and addiction. Persons attending ~~such~~ the

1 courses outside the county of their residence shall be reimbursed
2 out of the budget of the Supreme Court -- general judicial for
3 reasonable expenses incurred. The Supreme Court shall establish
4 rules for ~~such~~ these courses, including rules providing for the
5 reimbursement of reasonable expenses as authorized herein.

6 (b) *Duties of mental hygiene commissioners.* --

7 (1) Mental hygiene commissioners may sign and issue summonses
8 for the attendance, at any hearing held pursuant to section four,
9 article five of this chapter, of the individual sought to be
10 committed; may sign and issue subpoenas for witnesses, including
11 subpoenas duces tecum; may place any witness under oath; may elicit
12 testimony from applicants, respondents and witnesses regarding
13 factual issues raised in the petition; and may make findings of
14 fact on evidence and may make conclusions of law, but such findings
15 and conclusions shall not be binding on the circuit court. The
16 circuit court, by order entered of record, shall allow the
17 commissioner a reasonable fee for services rendered in connection
18 with each case. Mental hygiene commissioners shall discharge their
19 duties and hold their offices at the pleasure of the chief judge of
20 the judicial circuit in which he or she is appointed and may be
21 removed at any time by such chief judge. It ~~shall be~~ is the duty
22 of a mental hygiene commissioner to conduct orderly inquiries into
23 the mental health of the individual sought to be committed
24 concerning the advisability of committing the individual to a

1 mental health facility. The mental hygiene commissioner shall
2 safeguard, at all times, the rights and interests of the individual
3 as well as the interests of the state. The mental hygiene
4 commissioner shall make a written report of his or her findings to
5 the circuit court. In any proceedings before any court of record
6 as set forth in this article, the court of record shall appoint an
7 interpreter for any individual who is deaf or cannot speak or who
8 speaks a foreign language and who may be subject to involuntary
9 commitment to a mental health facility.

10 (2) A mental hygiene commissioner appointed by the circuit
11 court of one county or multiple county circuit may serve in ~~such~~
12 that capacity in a jurisdiction other than that of his or her
13 original appointment if ~~such be~~ it is agreed upon by the terms of
14 a cooperative agreement between the circuit courts and county
15 commissions of two or more counties entered into to provide prompt
16 resolution of mental hygiene matters during noncourt hours or on
17 nonjudicial days.

18 (c) *Duties of prosecuting attorney.* -- It ~~shall be~~ is the
19 duty of the prosecuting attorney or one of his or her assistants to
20 represent the applicants in all final commitment proceedings filed
21 pursuant to the provisions of this article. The prosecuting
22 attorney may appear in any proceeding held pursuant to the
23 provisions of this article if he or she ~~deems~~ considers it to be in
24 the public interest.

1 (d) *Duties of sheriff.* -- Upon written order of the circuit
2 court, mental hygiene commissioner or magistrate in the county
3 where the individual formally accused of being mentally ill or
4 addicted is a resident or is found, the sheriff of that county
5 shall take ~~said~~ the individual into custody and transport him or
6 her to and from the place of hearing and the mental health
7 facility. The sheriff shall also maintain custody and control of
8 the accused individual during the period of time in which the
9 individual is waiting for the involuntary commitment hearing to be
10 convened and while ~~such~~ the hearing is being conducted: *Provided,*
11 That an individual who is a resident of a state other than West
12 Virginia shall, upon a finding of probable cause, be transferred to
13 his or her state of residence for treatment pursuant to the
14 provisions of subsection (p), section four of this article:
15 *Provided, however,* That where an individual is a resident of West
16 Virginia but not a resident of the county in which he or she is
17 found and there is a finding of probable cause, the county in which
18 the hearing is held may seek reimbursement from the county of
19 residence for reasonable costs incurred by the county attendant to
20 the mental hygiene proceeding. Notwithstanding any provision of
21 this code to the contrary, sheriffs may enter into cooperative
22 agreements with sheriffs of one or more other counties, with the
23 concurrence of their respective circuit courts and county
24 commissions, whereby transportation and security responsibilities

1 for hearings held pursuant to the provisions of this article during
2 noncourt hours or on nonjudicial days may be shared in order to
3 facilitate prompt hearings and to effectuate transportation of
4 persons found in need of treatment.

5 (e) *Duty of sheriff upon presentment to mental health care*
6 *facility.* -- Where a person is brought to a mental health care
7 facility for purposes of evaluation for commitment under the
8 provisions of this article, if he or she is violent or combative,
9 the sheriff or his or her designee shall maintain custody of the
10 person in the facility until the evaluation is completed. ~~or the~~
11 ~~county commission shall reimburse the mental health care facility~~
12 ~~at a reasonable rate for security services provided by the mental~~
13 ~~health care facility for the period of time the person is at the~~
14 ~~hospital prior to the determination of mental competence or~~
15 ~~incompetence.~~

16 (f) *Duties of Supreme Court of Appeals.* -- The Supreme Court
17 of Appeals shall provide uniform petition, procedure and order
18 forms which shall be used in all involuntary hospitalization
19 proceedings brought in this state.

20 **§27-5-2. Institution of proceedings for involuntary custody for**
21 **examination; custody; probable cause hearing;**
22 **examination of individual.**

23 (a) Any adult person may make an application for involuntary
24 hospitalization for examination of an individual when the person

1 making the application has reason to believe that the individual to
2 be examined is addicted, as defined in section eleven, article one
3 of this chapter, or is mentally ill and, because of his or her
4 addiction or mental illness, the individual is likely to cause
5 serious harm to himself, herself or to others if allowed to remain
6 at liberty while awaiting an examination and certification by a
7 physician or psychologist.

8 Notwithstanding any language in this subsection to the
9 contrary, if the individual to be examined under the provisions of
10 this section is incarcerated in a jail, prison or other
11 correctional facility, then only the chief administrative officer
12 of the facility holding the individual may file the application and
13 the application ~~must~~ shall include the additional statement that
14 the correctional facility itself cannot reasonably provide
15 treatment and other services for the individual's mental illness or
16 addiction.

17 (b) The person making the application shall make the
18 application under oath.

19 (c) Application for involuntary custody for examination may be
20 made to the circuit court or a mental hygiene commissioner of the
21 county in which the individual resides or of the county in which he
22 or she may be found. When no circuit court judge or mental hygiene
23 commissioner is available for immediate presentation of the
24 application, the application may be made to a magistrate designated

1 by the chief judge of the judicial circuit to accept applications
2 and hold probable cause hearings. A designated magistrate before
3 whom an application or matter is pending may, upon the availability
4 of a mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge for
5 immediate presentation of an application or pending matter,
6 transfer the pending matter or application to the mental hygiene
7 commissioner or circuit court judge for further proceedings unless
8 otherwise ordered by the chief judge of the judicial circuit.

9 (d) The person making the application shall give information
10 and state facts in the application as may be required by the form
11 provided for this purpose by the Supreme Court of Appeals.

12 (e) The circuit court, mental hygiene commissioner or
13 designated magistrate may enter an order for the individual named
14 in the application to be detained and taken into custody for the
15 purpose of holding a probable cause hearing as provided in
16 subsection (g) of this section for the purpose of an examination of
17 the individual by a physician, psychologist, a licensed independent
18 clinical social worker practicing in compliance with article
19 thirty, chapter thirty of this code, an advanced nurse practitioner
20 with psychiatric certification practicing in compliance with
21 article seven of said chapter, a physician assistant practicing in
22 compliance with article three of said chapter or a physician
23 assistant practicing in compliance with article fourteen-a of said
24 chapter: *Provided*, That a licensed independent clinical social

1 worker, a physician assistant or an advanced nurse practitioner
2 with psychiatric certification may only perform the examination if
3 he or she has previously been authorized by an order of the circuit
4 court to do so, the order having found that the licensed
5 independent clinical social worker, physician assistant or advanced
6 nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification has
7 particularized expertise in the areas of mental health and mental
8 hygiene or addiction sufficient to make the determinations as are
9 required by the provisions of this section. The examination is to
10 be provided or arranged by a community mental health center
11 designated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human
12 Resources to serve the county in which the action takes place. The
13 order is to specify that the hearing be held forthwith and is to
14 provide for the appointment of counsel for the individual:
15 *Provided, however,* That the order may allow the hearing to be held
16 up to twenty-four hours after the person to be examined is taken
17 into custody rather than forthwith if the circuit court of the
18 county in which the person is found has previously entered a
19 standing order which establishes within that jurisdiction a program
20 for placement of persons awaiting a hearing which assures the
21 safety and humane treatment of persons: *Provided further,* That the
22 time requirements set forth in this subsection only apply to
23 persons who are not in need of medical care for a physical
24 condition or disease for which the need for treatment precludes the

1 ability to comply with the time requirements. During periods of
2 holding and detention authorized by this subsection, upon consent
3 of the individual or in the event of a medical or psychiatric
4 emergency, the individual may receive treatment. The medical
5 provider shall exercise due diligence in determining the
6 individual's existing medical needs and provide treatment the
7 individual requires, including previously prescribed medications.
8 As used in this section, "psychiatric emergency" means an incident
9 during which an individual loses control and behaves in a manner
10 that poses substantial likelihood of physical harm to himself,
11 herself or others. Where a physician, psychologist, licensed
12 independent clinical social worker, physician assistant or advanced
13 nurse practitioner with psychiatric certification has within the
14 preceding seventy-two hours performed the examination required by
15 the provisions of this subdivision, the community mental health
16 center may waive the duty to perform or arrange another examination
17 upon approving the previously performed examination.
18 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, subsection (r),
19 section four of this article applies regarding payment by the
20 county commission for examinations at hearings. If the examination
21 reveals that the individual is not mentally ill or addicted or is
22 determined to be mentally ill or addicted but not likely to cause
23 harm to himself, herself or others, the individual shall be
24 immediately released without the need for a probable cause hearing

1 and absent a finding of professional negligence the examiner is not
2 civilly liable for the rendering of the opinion absent a finding of
3 professional negligence. The examiner shall immediately provide
4 the mental hygiene commissioner, circuit court or designated
5 magistrate before whom the matter is pending the results of the
6 examination on the form provided for this purpose by the Supreme
7 Court of Appeals for entry of an order reflecting the lack of
8 probable cause.

9 (f) A probable cause hearing is to be held before a magistrate
10 designated by the chief judge of the judicial circuit, the mental
11 hygiene commissioner or circuit judge of the county of which the
12 individual is a resident or where he or she was found. If
13 requested by the individual or his or her counsel, the hearing may
14 be postponed for a period not to exceed forty-eight hours.

15 The individual must be present at the hearing and has the
16 right to present evidence, confront all witnesses and other
17 evidence against him or her and to examine testimony offered,
18 including testimony by representatives of the community mental
19 health center serving the area. Expert testimony at the hearing
20 may be taken telephonically or via videoconferencing. The
21 individual has the right to remain silent and to be proceeded
22 against in accordance with the Rules of Evidence of the Supreme
23 Court of Appeals, except as provided in section twelve, article one
24 of this chapter. At the conclusion of the hearing, the magistrate,

1 mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge shall find and
2 enter an order stating whether or not there is probable cause to
3 believe that the individual, as a result of mental illness or
4 addiction, is likely to cause serious harm to himself or herself or
5 to others.

6 (g) Probable cause hearings may occur in the county where a
7 person is hospitalized. The judicial hearing officer may: Use
8 videoconferencing and telephonic technology; permit persons
9 hospitalized for addiction to be involuntarily hospitalized only
10 until detoxification is accomplished; and specify other alternative
11 or modified procedures that are consistent with the purposes and
12 provisions of this article. The alternative or modified procedures
13 shall fully and effectively guarantee to the person who is the
14 subject of the involuntary commitment proceeding and other
15 interested parties due process of the law and access to the least
16 restrictive available treatment needed to prevent serious harm to
17 self or others.

18 (h) If the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner or circuit
19 court judge at a probable cause hearing or at a final commitment
20 hearing held pursuant to the provisions of section four of this
21 article finds that the individual, as a result of mental illness or
22 addiction, is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself or
23 others and because of mental illness or addiction requires
24 treatment, the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner or circuit

1 court judge may consider evidence on the question of whether the
2 individual's circumstances make him or her amenable to outpatient
3 treatment in a nonresidential or nonhospital setting pursuant to a
4 voluntary treatment agreement. The agreement is to be in writing
5 and approved by the individual, his or her counsel and the
6 magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge. If
7 the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner or circuit court judge
8 determines that appropriate outpatient treatment is available in a
9 nonresidential or nonhospital setting, the individual may be
10 released to outpatient treatment upon the terms and conditions of
11 the voluntary treatment agreement. The failure of an individual
12 released to outpatient treatment pursuant to a voluntary treatment
13 agreement to comply with the terms of the voluntary treatment
14 agreement constitutes evidence that outpatient treatment is
15 insufficient and, after a hearing before a magistrate, mental
16 hygiene commissioner or circuit judge on the issue of whether or
17 not the individual failed or refused to comply with the terms and
18 conditions of the voluntary treatment agreement and whether the
19 individual as a result of mental illness or addiction remains
20 likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself or others, the
21 entry of an order requiring admission under involuntary
22 hospitalization pursuant to the provisions of section three of this
23 article may be entered. ~~In the event~~ If a person released pursuant
24 to a voluntary treatment agreement is unable to pay for the

1 outpatient treatment and has no applicable insurance coverage,
2 including, but not limited to, private insurance or Medicaid, the
3 Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources may
4 transfer funds for the purpose of reimbursing community providers
5 for services provided on an outpatient basis for individuals for
6 whom payment for treatment is the responsibility of the department:
7 *Provided*, That the department may not authorize payment of
8 outpatient services for an individual subject to a voluntary
9 treatment agreement in an amount in excess of the cost of
10 involuntary hospitalization of the individual. The secretary shall
11 establish and maintain fee schedules for outpatient treatment
12 provided in lieu of involuntary hospitalization. Nothing in the
13 provisions of this article regarding release pursuant to a
14 voluntary treatment agreement or convalescent status may be
15 construed as creating a right to receive outpatient mental health
16 services or treatment or as obligating any person or agency to
17 provide outpatient services or treatment. Time limitations set
18 forth in this article relating to periods of involuntary commitment
19 to a mental health facility for hospitalization do not apply to
20 release pursuant to the terms of a voluntary treatment agreement:
21 *Provided, however*, That release pursuant to a voluntary treatment
22 agreement may not be for a period of more than six months if the
23 individual has not been found to be involuntarily committed during
24 the previous two years and for a period of no more than two years

1 if the individual has been involuntarily committed during the
2 preceding two years. If in any proceeding held pursuant to this
3 article the individual objects to the issuance or conditions and
4 terms of an order adopting a voluntary treatment agreement, then
5 the circuit judge, magistrate or mental hygiene commissioner may
6 not enter an order directing treatment pursuant to a voluntary
7 treatment agreement. If involuntary commitment with release
8 pursuant to a voluntary treatment agreement is ordered, the
9 individual subject to the order may, upon request during the period
10 the order is in effect, have a hearing before a mental hygiene
11 commissioner or circuit judge where the individual may seek to have
12 the order canceled or modified. Nothing in this section affects
13 the appellate and habeas corpus rights of any individual subject to
14 any commitment order.

15 (i) If the certifying physician or psychologist determines
16 that a person requires involuntary hospitalization for an addiction
17 to a substance which, due to the degree of addiction, creates a
18 reasonable likelihood that withdrawal or detoxification from the
19 substance of addiction will cause significant medical
20 complications, the person certifying the individual shall recommend
21 that the individual be closely monitored for possible medical
22 complications. If the magistrate, mental hygiene commissioner or
23 circuit court judge presiding orders involuntary hospitalization,
24 he or she shall include a recommendation that the individual be

1 closely monitored in the order of commitment.

2 (j) The Supreme Court of Appeals, ~~and~~ the Secretary of the
3 Department of Health and Human Resources and the President of the
4 West Virginia Sheriffs' Association, or his or her designee, shall
5 specifically develop and propose a statewide system for evaluation
6 and adjudication of mental hygiene petitions which shall include
7 payment schedules and recommendations regarding funding sources.
8 Additionally, the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human
9 Resources shall also immediately seek reciprocal agreements with
10 officials in contiguous states to develop
11 interstate/intergovernmental agreements to provide efficient and
12 efficacious services to out-of-state residents found in West
13 Virginia and who are in need of mental hygiene services.

14 **§27-5-4. Institution of final commitment proceedings; hearing**
15 **requirements; release.**

16 (a) *Involuntary commitment.* -- Except as provided in section
17 three of this article, ~~no~~ an individual may not be involuntarily
18 committed to a mental health facility except by order entered of
19 record at any time by the circuit court of the county in which the
20 person resides or was found, or if the individual is hospitalized
21 in a mental health facility located in a county other than where he
22 or she resides or was found, in the county of the mental health
23 facility and then only after a full hearing on issues relating to
24 the necessity of committing an individual to a mental health

1 facility: *Provided*, That if the individual objects to the hearing
2 being held in the county where the mental health facility is
3 located, the hearing shall be conducted in the county of the
4 individual's residence.

5 (b) *How final commitment proceedings are commenced.* -- Final
6 commitment proceedings for an individual may be commenced by the
7 filing of a written application under oath and the certificate or
8 affidavit is hereinafter provided with the clerk of the circuit
9 court or mental hygiene commissioner of the county of which the
10 individual is a resident, or where he or she may be found, or the
11 county of the mental health facility, if he or she is hospitalized
12 in a mental health facility located in a county other than where he
13 or she resides or may be found by an adult person having personal
14 knowledge of the facts of the case.

15 (c) *Oath; contents of application; who may inspect*
16 *application; when application cannot be filed.* --

17 (1) The person making the application shall do so under oath.

18 (2) The application shall contain statements by the applicant
19 that he or she believes because of symptoms of mental illness or
20 addiction the individual is likely to cause serious harm to
21 himself, herself or to others and the grounds for the belief,
22 stating in detail the recent overt acts upon which the belief is
23 based.

24 (3) The written application, certificate, affidavit and any

1 warrants issued pursuant thereto, including any papers and
2 documents related thereto, filed with any circuit court or mental
3 hygiene commissioner for the involuntary hospitalization of any
4 individual are not open to inspection by any person other than the
5 individual, except upon authorization of the individual or his or
6 her legal representative or by order of the circuit court, and the
7 records may not be published except upon the authorization of the
8 individual or his or her legal representative.

9 (4) Applications may not be accepted for individuals who only
10 have epilepsy, a mental deficiency or senility.

11 (d) *Certificate filed with application; contents of*
12 *certificate; affidavit by applicant in place of certificate. --*

13 (1) The applicant shall file with his or her application the
14 certificate of a physician or a psychologist stating that in his or
15 her opinion the individual is mentally ill or addicted and that
16 because of the mental illness or addiction the individual is likely
17 to cause serious harm to himself, herself or to others if he or she
18 is allowed to remain at liberty and therefore he or she should be
19 hospitalized, stating in detail the recent overt acts upon which
20 the conclusion is based.

21 (2) A certificate is not necessary only when an affidavit is
22 filed by the applicant showing facts and the individual has refused
23 to submit to examination by a physician or a psychologist.

24 (e) *Notice requirements; eight days' notice required. --* Upon

1 receipt of an application, the mental hygiene commissioner or
2 circuit court shall review the application and if it is determined
3 that the facts alleged, if any, are sufficient to warrant
4 involuntary hospitalization, forthwith fix a date for and have the
5 clerk of the circuit court give notice of the hearing: (1) To the
6 individual; (2) to the applicant or applicants; (3) to the
7 individual's spouse, one of the parents or guardians, or if the
8 individual does not have a spouse, parents or parent or guardian,
9 to one of the individual's adult next of kin if the next of kin is
10 not the applicant; (4) to the mental health authorities serving the
11 area; (5) to the circuit court in the county of the individual's
12 residence if the hearing is to be held in a county other than that
13 of the individual's residence; and (6) to the prosecuting attorney
14 of the county in which the hearing is to be held. The notice shall
15 be served on the individual by personal service of process not less
16 than eight days prior to the date of the hearing and shall specify
17 the nature of the charges against the individual; the facts
18 underlying and supporting the application of involuntary
19 commitment; the right to have counsel appointed; the right to
20 consult with and be represented by counsel at every stage of the
21 proceedings; and the time and place of the hearing. The notice to
22 the individual's spouse, parents or parent or guardian, the
23 individual's adult next of kin, or to the circuit court in the
24 county of the individual's residence may be by personal service of

1 process or by certified or registered mail, return receipt
2 requested, and shall state the time and place of the hearing.

3 (f) *Examination of individual by court-appointed physician or*
4 *psychologist; custody for examination; dismissal of proceedings. --*

5 (1) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection,
6 within a reasonable time after notice of the commencement of final
7 commitment proceedings is given, the circuit court or mental
8 hygiene commissioner shall appoint a physician or psychologist to
9 examine the individual and report to the circuit court or mental
10 hygiene commissioner his or her findings as to the mental condition
11 or addiction of the individual and the likelihood of him or her
12 causing serious harm to himself, herself or to others.

13 (2) If the designated physician or psychologist reports to the
14 circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner that the individual
15 has refused to submit to an examination, the circuit court or
16 mental hygiene commissioner shall order him or her to submit to the
17 examination. The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner may
18 direct that the individual be detained or taken into custody for
19 the purpose of an immediate examination by the designated physician
20 or psychologist. All such orders shall be directed to the sheriff
21 of the county or other appropriate law-enforcement officer. After
22 the examination has been completed, the individual shall be
23 released from custody unless proceedings are instituted pursuant to
24 section three of this article.

1 (3) If the reports of the appointed physician or psychologist
2 do not confirm that the individual is mentally ill or addicted and
3 might be harmful to himself, herself or to others then the
4 proceedings for involuntary hospitalization shall be dismissed.

5 (g) *Rights of the individual at the final commitment hearing;*
6 *seven days' notice to counsel required. --*

7 (1) The individual shall be present at the final commitment
8 hearing and he or she, the applicant and all persons entitled to
9 notice of the hearing shall be afforded an opportunity to testify
10 and to present and cross-examine witnesses.

11 (2) ~~In the event that~~ If the individual has not retained
12 counsel, the court or mental hygiene commissioner at least six days
13 prior to hearing shall appoint a competent attorney and shall
14 inform the individual of the name, address and telephone number of
15 his or her appointed counsel.

16 (3) The individual has the right to have an examination by an
17 independent expert of his or her choice and testimony from the
18 expert as a medical witness on his or her behalf. The cost of the
19 independent expert shall be borne by the individual unless he or
20 she is indigent.

21 (4) The individual may not be compelled to be a witness
22 against himself or herself.

23 (h) *Duties of counsel representing individual; payment of*
24 *counsel representing indigent. --*

1 (1) The counsel representing an individual shall conduct a
2 timely interview, make investigation and secure appropriate
3 witnesses and shall be present at the hearing and protect the
4 interest of the individual.

5 (2) Any counsel representing an individual is entitled to
6 copies of all medical reports, psychiatric or otherwise.

7 (3) The circuit court, by order of record, may allow the
8 attorney a reasonable fee not to exceed the amount allowed for
9 attorneys in defense of needy persons as provided in article
10 twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

11 (i) *Conduct of hearing; receipt of evidence; no evidentiary*
12 *privilege; record of hearing. --*

13 (1) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall
14 hear evidence from all interested parties in chamber, including
15 testimony from representatives of the community mental health
16 facility.

17 (2) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall
18 receive all relevant and material evidence which may be offered.

19 (3) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is bound
20 by the rules of evidence promulgated by the Supreme Court of
21 Appeals except that statements made to physicians or psychologists
22 by the individual may be admitted into evidence by the physician's
23 or psychologist's testimony, notwithstanding failure to inform the
24 individual that this statement may be used against him or her. Any

1 psychologist or physician testifying shall bring all records
2 pertaining to the individual to the hearing. The medical evidence
3 obtained pursuant to an examination under this section, or section
4 two or three of this article, is not privileged information for
5 purposes of a hearing pursuant to this section.

6 (4) All final commitment proceedings shall be reported or
7 recorded, whether before the circuit court or mental hygiene
8 commissioner, and a transcript shall be made available to the
9 individual, his or her counsel or the prosecuting attorney within
10 thirty days, if it is requested for the purpose of further
11 proceedings. ~~In any case where~~ If an indigent person intends to
12 pursue further proceedings, the circuit court shall, by order
13 entered of record, authorize and direct the court reporter to
14 furnish a transcript of the hearings.

15 (j) *Requisite findings by the court.* --

16 (1) Upon completion of the final commitment hearing, and the
17 evidence presented in the hearing, the circuit court or mental
18 hygiene commissioner shall make findings as to whether or not the
19 individual is mentally ill or addicted and because of illness or
20 addiction is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself or to
21 others if allowed to remain at liberty and is a resident of the
22 county in which the hearing is held or currently is a patient at a
23 mental health facility in the county.

24 (2) The circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner shall

1 also make a finding as to whether or not there is a less
2 restrictive alternative than commitment appropriate for the
3 individual. The burden of proof of the lack of a less restrictive
4 alternative than commitment is on the person or persons seeking the
5 commitment of the individual.

6 (3) The findings of fact shall be incorporated into the order
7 entered by the circuit court and ~~must~~ shall be based upon clear,
8 cogent and convincing proof.

9 (k) *Orders issued pursuant to final commitment hearing; entry*
10 *of order; change in order of court; expiration of order. --*

11 (1) Upon the requisite findings, the circuit court may order
12 the individual to a mental health facility for an indeterminate
13 period or for a temporary observatory period not exceeding six
14 months.

15 (2) The individual may not be detained in a mental health
16 facility for a period in excess of ten days after a final
17 commitment hearing pursuant to this section unless an order has
18 been entered and received by the facility.

19 (3) If the order pursuant to a final commitment hearing is for
20 a temporary observation period, the circuit court or mental hygiene
21 commissioner may, at any time prior to the expiration of such
22 period on the basis of a report by the chief medical officer of the
23 mental health facility in which the patient is confined, hold
24 another hearing pursuant to the terms of this section and in the

1 same manner as the hearing was held as if it were an original
2 petition for involuntary hospitalization to determine whether the
3 original order for a temporary observation period should be
4 modified or changed to an order of indeterminate hospitalization of
5 the patient. At the conclusion of the hearing, the circuit court
6 shall order indeterminate hospitalization of the patient or
7 dismissal of the proceedings.

8 (4) An order for an indeterminate period expires of its own
9 terms at the expiration of two years from the date of the last
10 order of commitment unless prior to the expiration, the Department
11 of Health and Human Resources, upon findings based on an
12 examination of the patient by a physician or a psychologist,
13 extends the order for indeterminate hospitalization: *Provided,*
14 That if the patient or his or her counsel requests a hearing, then
15 a hearing shall be held by the mental hygiene commissioner or by
16 the circuit court of the county as provided in subsection (a) of
17 this section.

18 (1) *Dismissal of proceedings.* -- If the circuit court or
19 mental hygiene commissioner finds that the individual is not
20 mentally ill or addicted, the proceedings shall be dismissed. If
21 the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner finds that the
22 individual is mentally ill or addicted but is not because of the
23 illness or addiction likely to cause serious harm to himself,
24 herself or to others if allowed to remain at liberty, the

1 proceedings shall be dismissed.

2 (m) *Immediate notification of order of hospitalization.* -- The
3 clerk of the circuit court in which an order directing
4 hospitalization is entered, if not in the county of the
5 individual's residence, shall immediately upon entry of the order
6 forward a certified copy of the order to the clerk of the circuit
7 court of the county of which the individual is a resident.

8 (n) *Consideration of transcript by circuit court of county of*
9 *individual's residence; order of hospitalization; execution of*
10 *order.* --

11 (1) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner is
12 satisfied that hospitalization should be ordered but finds that the
13 individual is not a resident of the county in which the hearing is
14 held and the individual is not currently a resident of a mental
15 health facility, a transcript of the evidence adduced at the final
16 commitment hearing of the individual, certified by the clerk of the
17 circuit court, shall forthwith be forwarded to the clerk of the
18 circuit court of the county of which the individual is a resident,
19 who shall immediately present the transcript to the circuit court
20 or mental hygiene commissioner of the county.

21 (2) If the circuit court or mental hygiene commissioner of the
22 county of the residence of the individual is satisfied from the
23 evidence contained in the transcript that the individual should be
24 hospitalized as determined by the standard set forth above, the

1 circuit court shall order the appropriate hospitalization as though
2 the individual had been brought before the circuit court or its
3 mental hygiene commissioner in the first instance.

4 (3) This order shall be transmitted forthwith to the clerk of
5 the circuit court of the county in which the hearing was held who
6 shall execute the order promptly.

7 (o) *Order of custody to responsible person.* -- In lieu of
8 ordering the patient to a mental health facility, the circuit court
9 may order the individual delivered to some responsible person who
10 will agree to take care of the individual and the circuit court may
11 take from the responsible person a bond in an amount to be
12 determined by the circuit court with condition to restrain and take
13 proper care of the individual until further order of the court.

14 (p) *Individual not a resident of this state.* -- If the
15 individual found to be mentally ill or addicted by the circuit
16 court or mental hygiene commissioner is a resident of another
17 state, this information shall be forthwith given to the Secretary
18 of the Department of Health and Human Resources, or to his or her
19 designee, who shall make appropriate arrangements for transfer of
20 the individual to the state of his or her residence conditioned on
21 the agreement of the individual except as qualified by the
22 interstate compact on mental health.

23 (q) *Report to the Secretary of the Department of Health and*
24 *Human Resources.* --

1 (1) The chief medical officer of a mental health facility
2 admitting a patient pursuant to proceedings under this section
3 shall forthwith make a report of the admission to the Secretary of
4 the Department of Health and Human Resources or to his or her
5 designee.

6 (2) Whenever an individual is released from custody due to the
7 failure of an employee of a mental health facility to comply with
8 the time requirements of this article, the chief medical officer of
9 the mental health facility shall forthwith after the release of the
10 individual make a report to the Secretary of the Department of
11 Health and Human Resources or to his or her designee of the failure
12 to comply.

13 (r) *Payment of some expenses by the state; Mental Hygiene Fund*
14 *established; expenses paid by the county commission. --*

15 (1) The state shall pay the commissioner's fee and the court
16 reporter fees that are not paid and reimbursed under article
17 twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code out of a special fund
18 to be established within the Supreme Court of Appeals to be known
19 as the Mental Hygiene Fund.

20 (2) The Department of Health and Human Resources shall
21 reimburse the county commission shall pay out of the county
22 treasury for direct and immediate deposit into the sheriff's budget
23 all other expenses incurred, including, but not limited to, mileage
24 expenses and salary expenses of those involved in the

1 transportation process, in the hearings conducted under the
2 provisions of this article whether or not hospitalization is
3 ordered, ~~including~~ and shall reimburse the county commission for
4 any fee allowed by the circuit court by order entered of record for
5 any physician, psychologist and witness called by the indigent
6 individual.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to delete language allowing a county commission to reimburse a mental health care facility for security services for the period of time a person is at the hospital prior to the determination of mental competence or incompetence. The bill further provides that the President of the West Virginia Sheriffs' Association, along with the Supreme Court of Appeals and the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources shall develop and propose a statewide system for evaluation and adjudication of mental hygiene petitions. The bill further provides that the Department of Health and Human Resources shall reimburse the county commission for direct deposit into the Sheriff's budget all other expenses incurred in the hearings conducted under the provisions of the article.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.